

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims:

- 1.- 38. (Cancelled)
39. (Cancelled)
40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the consolidating material has a viscosity of less than about 100 cP.
41. (Previously Presented) A method of drilling a well bore comprising the steps of:
providing a drilling composition comprising a drilling fluid and a consolidating material, the consolidating material comprising
a hardenable resin component that comprises a hardenable resin, and
a liquid hardening agent component that comprises a hardening agent, a silane coupling agent, and a surfactant; and
using the drilling composition to drill at least a portion of the well bore and allowing the consolidating material in the drilling composition to penetrate into the walls of the well bore.
42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the hardenable resin in the hardenable resin component is an organic resin selected from the group consisting of bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin resins, polyepoxide resins, novolak resins, polyester resins, phenol-aldehyde resins, urea-aldehyde resins, furan resins, urethane resins, glycidyl ethers, and mixtures thereof.
43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the hardening agent in the liquid hardening agent component is selected from the group consisting of amines, aromatic amines, aliphatic amines, cyclo-aliphatic amines, piperidine, triethylamine, benzyldimethylamine, N,N-dimethylaminopyridine, 2-(N₂N-dimethylaminomethyl)phenol, tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol, and mixtures thereof.
44. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the silane coupling agent in the liquid hardening agent component is selected from the group consisting of N-2-(aminoethyl)-3-aminopropyltrimethoxysilane, 3-glycidoxypentyltrimethoxysilane, n-beta-(aminoethyl)-gamma-aminopropyl trimethoxysilane and mixtures thereof.

45. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the surfactant in the liquid hardening agent component is selected from the group consisting of ethoxylated nonyl phenol phosphate esters, mixtures of one or more cationic surfactants, $C_{12} - C_{22}$ alkyl phosphonate surfactants, mixtures of one or more non-ionic surfactants and alkyl phosphonate surfactants, and mixtures thereof.

46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the hardenable resin is a furan-based resin is selected from the group consisting of furfuryl alcohol, mixtures of furfuryl alcohol with aldehydes, mixtures of furan resin and phenolic resin, and mixtures thereof.

47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the hardenable resin component further comprises a solvent selected from the group consisting of 2-butoxy ethanol, butyl acetate, furfuryl acetate, and mixtures thereof.

48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the consolidating material further comprises a phenolic-based resin selected from the group consisting of terpolymers of phenol, phenolic formaldehyde resin, mixtures of phenolic and furan resin, and mixtures thereof.

49. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 48 wherein the consolidating material further comprises a solvent selected from the group consisting of butyl acetate, butyl lactate, furfuryl acetate, 2-butoxy ethanol, and mixtures thereof.

50. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the consolidating material further comprises a HT epoxy-based resin selected from the group consisting of bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin resins, polyepoxide resins, novolac resins, polyester resins, glycidyl ethers, and mixtures thereof.

51. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 50 wherein the consolidating material further comprises a solvent selected from the group consisting of dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethyl formamide, dipropylene glycol methyl ether, dipropylene glycol dimethyl ether, dimethyl formamide, diethylene glycol methyl ether, ethylene glycol butyl ether, diethylene glycol butyl ether, propylene carbonate, d-limonene, fatty acid methyl esters, and mixtures thereof.

52. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the consolidating material comprises:

- from about 5% to about 30% phenol;
- from about 40% to about 70% phenol formaldehyde;
- from about 10 to about 40% furfuryl alcohol;

from about 0.1% to about 3% of a silane coupling agent; and
from about 1% to about 15% of a surfactant.

53. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 52 wherein the consolidating material further comprises a solvent selected from the group consisting of 2-butoxy ethanol, butyl acetate, furfuryl acetate, and combinations thereof.

54. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the fluid component of the drilling fluid is an aqueous gel or an emulsion.

55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the consolidating material penetrates into the walls of the well bore from about 0.1 to about 3 inches.

56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein the drilling composition further comprises a fluid loss control material.

57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 56 wherein the fluid loss control material is selected from the group consisting of aliphatic polyesters, polylactic acid, poly(lactides), and combinations thereof.

58. – 76. (Cancelled)